Fact Sheet SMA-EA

NEW STYRENE-MALEIC ANHYDRIDE (SMA) POLYMERS

Detergent-free system for structural and functional studies of membrane proteins

What is it?

Polymer-forming planar lipid bilayer nanodiscs for membrane protein reconstitution

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- Direct, detergent-free reconstitution of membranes
- Stable in a broad pH range and in proximity to divalent cations
- Good for structural and functional studies of membrane proteins
- Easy nanodisc size control adjust by changing polymer:lipid ratio
- Capable of reconstituting MPs with large, charged, soluble domains

Why Use it?

Part of Anatrace's new SMA portfolio

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- Stable at higher pH
- Can successfully reconstitute well-folded Cytochrome b5, a protein with a large, negatively charged domain [1]
- Increased stability towards divalent cations: up to 21 mM Ca²⁺ and 30 mM Mg²⁺ [2]
- Nanodiscs of diameter 10 to 60 nm can be produced by changing polymer:lipid ratio [3]

Background

- Styrene:Maleic anhydride 1:1
- Molecular Weight ~7.8 kDa
- Solubility (Water) ≤20%

Structure of SMA-EA, with ethanol amine functionalization

pH (1% in water) ND

Na OOC

OH

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Ordering Information

ltem #	Description	UOFM	UOM 2021
SMA-EA 1 G	SMA-EA	EA	\$365
SMA-EA 500 MG	SMA-EA	EA	\$205
SMA-EA 250 MG	SMA-EA	EA	\$125

Supporting Documentation: SDS • CoA



pH stability of SMA-EA, adapted from [2]. Stabilizing pH range shown in green

1:1 Mass % 1:2 1:3 100 1000 mic radius (nm) 10 Hydrodyi

Protein in SMA nanodisc, adapted from [4].

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Nanodisc size control, adjusted by changing SMA-EA:lipid concentrations [2].

Applications

- Studies of membrane proteins in native lipid environments
 - Structural studies of large membrane proteins and complexes
- Studies of protein:lipid interactions
- Work with proteins unstable in detergents
- Solubilization of membrane proteins with large, negatively charged domains

References

[1] Ravula, T. et al. Effect of polymer charge on functional reconstitution of membrane proteins in polymer nanodiscs. Chem Commun 54, 9615–9618 (2018). [2] Ravula, T., Hardin, Nathaniel. Z., Mauro, G. M. D. & Ramamoorthy, A. Styrene maleic acid derivates to enhance the applications of bio-inspired polymer based lipid-nanodiscs. Eur Polym J 108, 597-602 (2018).

[3] Ravula, T., Hardin, N. Z. & Ramamoorthy, A. Polymer nanodiscs: Advantages and limitations. Chem Phys Lipids 219, 45-49 (2019).

[4] Chen, A., Majdinasab, E. J., Fiori, M. C., Liang, H. & Altenberg, G. A. Polymer-Encased Nanodiscs and Polymer Nanodiscs: New Platforms for Membrane Protein Research and Applications. Frontiers Bioeng Biotechnology 8, 598450 (2020).

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